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Inspection of Patrizio & Zhao, LLC (Headquartered in Parsippany, New Jersey)

Issued by the

Public Company Accounting Oversight Board

November 19, 2009

THIS IS A PUBLIC VERSION OF A PCAOB INSPECTION REPORT

PORTIONS OF THE COMPLETE REPORT ARE OMITTED FROM THIS DOCUMENT IN ORDER TO COMPLY WITH SECTIONS 104(g)(2) AND 105(b)(5)(A)
OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

PCAOB RELEASE NO. 104-2009-181



Notes Concerning this Report

- 1. Portions of this report may describe deficiencies or potential deficiencies in the systems, policies, procedures, practices, or conduct of the firm that is the subject of this report. The express inclusion of certain deficiencies and potential deficiencies, however, should not be construed to support any negative inference that any other aspect of the firm's systems, policies, procedures, practices, or conduct is approved or condoned by the Board or judged by the Board to comply with laws, rules, and professional standards.
- 2. Any references in this report to violations or potential violations of law, rules, or professional standards should be understood in the supervisory context in which this report was prepared. Any such references are not a result of an adversarial adjudicative process and do not constitute conclusive findings of fact or of violations for purposes of imposing legal liability. Similarly, any description herein of a firm's cooperation in addressing issues constructively should not be construed, and is not construed by the Board, as an admission, for purposes of potential legal liability, of any violation.
- 3. Board inspections encompass, among other things, whether the firm has failed to identify departures from U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") or Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC" or "Commission") disclosure requirements in its audits of financial statements. This report's descriptions of any such auditing failures necessarily involve descriptions of the related GAAP or disclosure departures. The Board, however, has no authority to prescribe the form or content of an issuer's financial statements. That authority, and the authority to make binding determinations concerning an issuer's compliance with GAAP or Commission disclosure requirements, rests with the Commission. Any description, in this report, of perceived departures from GAAP or Commission disclosure requirements should not be understood as an indication that the Commission has considered or made any determination regarding these issues unless otherwise expressly stated.



INSPECTION OF PATRIZIO & ZHAO, LLC

The Public Company Accounting Oversight Board ("PCAOB" or "the Board") has conducted an inspection of the registered public accounting firm Patrizio & Zhao, LLC ("the Firm"). The Board is issuing this report of that inspection in accordance with the requirements of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 ("the Act").

The Board is making portions of the report publicly available. Specifically, the Board is releasing to the public Part I of the report and portions of Part IV of the report. Part IV of the report consists of the Firm's comments, if any, on a draft of the report.

The Board has elsewhere described in detail its approach to making inspection-related information publicly available consistent with legal restrictions. A substantial portion of the Board's criticisms of a firm (specifically criticisms of the firm's quality control system), and the Board's dialogue with the firm about those criticisms, occurs out of public view, unless the firm fails to make progress to the Board's satisfaction in addressing those criticisms. In addition, the Board generally does not disclose otherwise nonpublic information, learned through inspections, about the firm or its clients. Accordingly, information in those categories generally does not appear in the publicly available portion of an inspection report.

The Board does not make public any of a firm's comments that address a nonpublic portion of the report unless a firm specifically requests otherwise. In addition, pursuant to section 104(f) of the Act, 15 U.S.C. § 7214(f), and PCAOB Rule 4007(b), if a firm requests, and the Board grants, confidential treatment for any of the firm's comments on a draft report, the Board does not include those comments in the final report at all. The Board routinely grants confidential treatment, if requested, for any portion of a firm's response that addresses any point in the draft that the Board omits from, or any inaccurate statement in the draft that the Board corrects in, the final report.

^{2/} <u>See</u> Statement Concerning the Issuance of Inspection Reports, PCAOB Release No. 104-2004-001 (August 26, 2004).



PART I

INSPECTION PROCEDURES AND CERTAIN OBSERVATIONS

Members of the Board's inspection staff ("the inspection team") conducted primary procedures for the inspection from December 1, 2008 to December 5, 2008. These procedures were tailored to the nature of the Firm, certain aspects of which the inspection team understood at the outset of the inspection to be as follows:

Number of offices 1 (Parsippany, New Jersey)

Ownership structure Limited liability company

Number of partners 2

Number of professional staff^{3/} 9

Number of issuer audit clients^{4/} 10

Board inspections are designed to identify and address weaknesses and deficiencies related to how a firm conducts audits. $^{5/}$ To achieve that goal, Board

[&]quot;Professional staff" includes all personnel of the Firm, except partners or shareholders and administrative support personnel. The number of partners and professional staff is provided here as an indication of the size of the Firm, and does not necessarily represent the number of the Firm's professionals who participate in audits of issuers or are "associated persons" (as defined in the Act) of the Firm.

The number of issuer audit clients shown here is based on the Firm's self-reporting and the inspection team's review of certain information for inspection planning purposes. It does not reflect any Board determination concerning which, or how many, of the Firm's audit clients are "issuers" as defined in the Act. In some circumstances, a Board inspection may include a review of a firm's audit of financial statements of an issuer that ceased to be an audit client before the inspection, and any such former clients are not included in the number shown here.

This focus necessarily carries through to reports on inspections and, accordingly, Board inspection reports are not intended to serve as balanced report cards or overall rating tools.



inspections include reviews of certain aspects of selected audits performed by the firm and reviews of other matters related to the firm's quality control system.

In the course of reviewing aspects of selected audits, an inspection may identify ways in which a particular audit is deficient, including failures by the firm to identify, or to address appropriately, respects in which an issuer's financial statements do not present fairly the financial position, results of operations, or cash flows of the issuer in conformity with GAAP. It is not the purpose of an inspection, however, to review all of a firm's audits or to identify every respect in which a reviewed audit is deficient. Accordingly, a Board inspection report should not be understood to provide any assurance that the firm's audits, or its issuer clients' financial statements, are free of any deficiencies not specifically described in an inspection report.

A. Review of Audit Engagements

The inspection procedures included a review of aspects of the Firm's auditing of financial statements of two issuers. The scope of this review was determined according to the Board's criteria, and the Firm was not allowed an opportunity to limit or influence the scope.

The inspection team identified what it considered to be audit deficiencies. ⁷ The deficiencies identified in one of the audits reviewed included deficiencies of such significance that it appeared to the inspection team that the Firm did not obtain sufficient

When it comes to the Board's attention that an issuer's financial statements appear not to present fairly, in a material respect, the financial position, results of operations, or cash flows of the issuer in conformity with GAAP, the Board's practice is to report that information to the SEC, which has jurisdiction to determine proper accounting in issuers' financial statements.

PCAOB standards require a firm to take appropriate actions to assess the importance of audit deficiencies identified after the date of the audit report to the firm's present ability to support its previously expressed opinions. See AU 390, Consideration of Omitted Procedures After the Report Date, and AU 561, Subsequent Discovery of Facts Existing at the Date of the Auditor's Report (both included among the PCAOB's interim auditing standards, pursuant to PCAOB Rule 3200T). Failure to comply with these PCAOB standards could be a basis for Board disciplinary sanctions.



competent evidential matter to support its opinion on the issuer's financial statements. ⁸/
Those deficiencies were—

- (1) the failure to perform sufficient audit procedures to test the existence and valuation of inventory; and
- (2) the failure to perform sufficient audit procedures to test revenue and accounts receivable.

B. Review of Quality Control System

In addition to evaluating the quality of the audit work performed on specific audits, the inspection included review of certain of the Firm's practices, policies, and procedures related to audit quality. This review addressed practices, policies, and procedures concerning audit performance, training, compliance with independence standards, client acceptance and retention, and the establishment of policies and procedures. As described above, any defects in, or criticisms of, the Firm's quality control system are discussed in the nonpublic portion of this report and will remain nonpublic unless the Firm fails to address them to the Board's satisfaction within 12 months of the date of this report.

END OF PART I

In some cases, an inspection team's observation that a firm failed to perform a procedure may be based on the absence of documentation and the absence of persuasive other evidence, even if a firm claims to have performed the procedure. PCAOB Auditing Standard No. 3, *Audit Documentation* ("AS No. 3"), provides that, in various circumstances including PCAOB inspections, a firm that has not adequately documented that it performed a procedure, obtained evidence, or reached an appropriate conclusion must demonstrate with persuasive other evidence that it did so, and that oral assertions and explanations alone do not constitute persuasive other evidence. See AS No. 3, paragraph 9; Appendix A to AS No. 3, paragraph A28. For purposes of the inspection, an observation that the Firm did not perform a procedure, obtain evidence, or reach an appropriate conclusion may be based on the absence of such documentation and the absence of persuasive other evidence.



PARTS II AND III OF THIS REPORT ARE NONPUBLIC AND ARE OMITTED FROM THIS PUBLIC DOCUMENT



PART IV

RESPONSE OF THE FIRM TO DRAFT INSPECTION REPORT

Pursuant to section 104(f) of the Act, 15 U.S.C. § 7214(f), and PCAOB Rule 4007(a), the Firm provided a written response to a draft of this report. Pursuant to section 104(f) of the Act and PCAOB Rule 4007(b), the Firm's response, minus any portion granted confidential treatment, is attached hereto and made part of this final inspection report. $\frac{9}{2}$

In any version of an inspection report that the Board makes publicly available, any portions of a firm's response that address nonpublic portions of the report are omitted. In some cases, the result may be that none of a firm's response is made publicly available.

Patrizio & Zhao, LLC

Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

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September 24, 2009

Via Fax (202) 862-8433

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Reference: Response to the Draft Report of 2008 Inspection of Patrizio & Zhao, LLC

Dear Mr. Diacont:

Patrizio & Zhao, LLC (hereinafter "PZ") is pleased to provide its response to the draft report dated August 31, 2009, regarding the 2008 inspection performed by the staff of the Public Company Accounting Oversight (hereinafter "PCAOB"). We recognize and appreciate the importance of the inspection process and are committed to enhancing PZ's audit and quality control policies and procedures based on the findings in the draft report.

We support the PCAOB's goal of improving audit quality and, consequently, the reliability of financial reporting. We acknowledge that considerable value is derived from the inspection process. Since an inherent part of our audit practice involves continuous improvement, the PCAOB's inspections are one of the means that assist us in identifying areas where we can continue to improve performance. We recognize the importance and value of the inspection process and accordingly, undertook our best efforts to fully cooperate with the inspection team. We also understand that, while there were, at times, what we considered to be reasonable differing views between the inspection team and PZ, as to audit approaches, accounting decisions, or materiality, as would be expected based on the judgmental nature of such matters, we also acknowledge that consideration of different views is a useful means of promoting best practices.

The inspection process is designed to identify deficiencies in the selected sample of audit engagements. However, based on the limited selection of audits inspected, the findings are not necessarily indicative or reflective of a firm's overall practice in general. Also, the design of the draft report does not provide a comprehensive description of all of the procedures that were performed in the applicable areas at the time of the audits or other information that may provide additional context for understanding the nature or magnitude of the findings. Moreover, the engagements reviewed by the inspection team

typically involved many decisions that may be subject to varying reasonable interpretations. This is especially significant in connection with this draft report because of the nature of the issuers selected and the foreign cultural environment in which they operate and transact business.

The draft report comments reflect differences between judgments made by the audit engagement team during the real time process of the audit in foreign countries with distinct native cultures, language translation issues and varying customs and practices of doing business. The application of professional judgment is required in many decisions during every audit. The PCAOB audit inspection process is one of hindsight and necessarily involves evaluation of those judgments and may result in differing views on certain judgments made during the conduct of the audit.

The sufficiency of evidential matter required to support an informed audit opinion is determined through the exercise of the auditor's professional judgment after a careful study of the particular circumstances. It is often difficult to reach a common understanding of what is sufficient because of the variety of judgments involved in that analysis by professionals having different levels of knowledge of the issuers' businesses. This is particularly true as it relates to the extent of testing, assessing the proper application of accounting principles and determining what constitutes sufficient documentation. We believe in each case cited that sufficient audit procedures were performed by PZ to support our opinion on the issuer's financial statements. However, we also agree that our audit workpaper documentation should be improved for each item noted as required by PCAOB Audit Standard No. 3.

Each of the specific matters noted in part I of the draft report have been addressed by appropriate action, where in our professional judgment it was deemed required. We have also considered whether it was necessary to perform additional procedures in accordance with AU 390, Consideration of Procedures After the Report Date, and AU 561, Subsequent Discover of Facts Existing At The date of The Auditor's Report. As a result, we either supplemented our documentation or performed additional procedures. No facts or circumstances came to our attention during the inspection or in preparing this response to the draft report which caused us to change our conclusions or affect our previously issued audit reports.

We appreciate the opportunity to respond to the draft report and look forward to future constructive dialogue.

Sincerely,

Patrizio & Zhao, LLC

Patrizio & Zhao, LLC